# Formal Techniques and Tools For Software Health Management

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#### Introduction

- New project, just a few weeks old
- PI is Shankar, but he's at a conference in Korea
  I'm a Co-Investigator,
- I was a member of the NRC Committee whose report "Sufficient Evidence" is cited in the NRA
- Report mentions Assurance/Dependability/Safety Cases
- I will talk about these tomorrow in IRAC track at 8am
- But, briefly...

#### **Assurance Cases**

- Intellectual basis for all assurance surely rests on
  - Claims or Goals, Evidence, Argument
- Standards-based assurance (e.g., DO-178B) specifies only the evidence to be produced
  - Claims and argument are largely implicit
- Assurance case: make all three items explicit
  - And also your confidence in each

## Our Project, Generalities

- Health monitoring implies online checking
- We know how to do this (cf. Grigore Rosu)
- But what (source of) properties to monitor?
- Low Level SW requirements unlikely to be useful
  - o DO-178B ensures these are implemented correctly
- Similarly with High Level SW requirements
- Most likely it's the requirements that are in error
- We need an independent source of properties to monitor
- Aha: the Assurance Case

## Our Project, Particularities

- Derive monitors from formalized assurance cases
- Also monitor SW against its own history
  - Cf. anomaly detection
  - Identifies untested/novel scenarios
- Diagnosis: classical model-based
- Recovery/repair: first, use existing redundancy
  - Then, controller synthesis against the diagnostic model
- With explicit cognitive models of human operators
- Can do this because we have enormously powerful deductive systems
  - SMT solvers and their kin
- For more details, Google my paper "Runtime Certification"

#### Two Big Questions

- Architectural principles
- Composability (specifically, compositional certification)
- Profound insight (Tim Kelly):
  - The assurance case may not decompose along architectural lines
- So what is an architecture?
- A good one supports and enforces the assurance case
- Cf. MILS approach to security: next week at DASC
  - Explicitly compositional
  - Relates to IMA

## **Guarding the Guardians**

- Fault tolerance is immensely hard
- Homespun solutions generally make things worse
- Our stuff will only kick in when existing fault tolerance and the certification process have failed
- So, we should have some humility
- Cf. AA 903 (1997): EFIS rebooted because roll rate was considered implausible
  - o But pilots were attempting recovery from major upset
  - Loss of all instruments jeopardized this
- OTOH, A340 fuel emergency (2005), and 777 (2005) and A330 (2008) ADIRU incidents near Perth probably could have been mitigated by good SWHM
- Link to the assurance case seems the strongest guardian